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Koppert

Anso-Mite
plus



Amblyseius andersoni Predatory Mites - Sachet Application Instructions

Amblyseius andersoni is a generalist predator of several pests that can operate at lower temperatures than alternative predators & parasites. *Andersoni* mites also feed on pollen so can be introduced before pests are present on plants.

Please use immediately upon receipt

Amblyseius andersoni will feed on:

- **Two Spotted Red Spider Mites** (including eggs, nymph and adult life cycle stages)
- **Whiteflies** (egg stage only, see our *Encarsia formosa* cards to supplement your Whitefly treatment)
- **Broad Mites**
- **Fruit Tree Mites**
- **Fuchsia Gall Mites**
- **Thrips** (small larval stage only, see our *Orius laevigatus* predators for control over adult Thrips)
- **Cyclamen Mites, Carmine Mites, Rust Mites, Russet Mites, European Mites & more!**

Required conditions:

- Active in temperatures ranging from 12-14°C and above
- Optimum activity temperatures between 20-28°C
- Insecticides: Do not apply the *andersoni* if insecticides have been used in the past 1-2 weeks

Before application:

- Prune any heavily damaged leaves
- Do not open the sachets. The sachets already contain an emergence hole

Application:

- Apply all of your sachets at once and do not store
- Hang the sachets onto the stems, or leaves, at a rate of 1-2 per plant
- Hang the sachets away from direct sunlight
- Do not use any insecticides once the predators have been applied
- The sachets will release predators for 4 weeks
- **Do not apply the sachets with *Amblyseius swirskii*, *Amblyseius cucumeris* or *Amblyseius californicus* predatory mites**

Next Steps:

- Observe pest activity over 4 week life cycle of the sachet and replace sachets to continue protection
- *Andersoni* sachets can be used in combination with other Thrip predators such as our **Mighty Mite**, **Hypoaspis**, **Orius laevigatus** and **Lacewing larvae** predators.